



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

## Test

### Section I Listening Comprehension (30%)

Listen, then answer the following questions in English.

**A:** For each question in this part, you will hear a short conversation between two speakers.

1. What did the second speaker suggest?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. What did the second speaker say about what the first speaker asked about?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Why did the second speaker bring a shopping bag?

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Why is it so cold inside?

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** For questions 5–6, you will hear a short narration.

5. What does Little Wang do to preserve the environment?

\_\_\_\_\_

6. What does Little Wang say to the neighbors?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Section II Translation (30%)**

Translate the following dialogues into Chinese characters or English as appropriate.

A:	我们明天怎么去长城比较好?	
B:		Taking a cab would be too expensive, but the bus would be too crowded.

A:	下个月的今天就是爷爷的八十岁生日了。	
B:		Yes, we should throw a big celebration, and have a good time!

A:		Energy conservation is a big problem.
B:	是啊，现在很多国家都在闹能源危机啊。	

**Section III Reading Comprehension (20%)**

Read the passage below and decide whether the statements that follow it are true or false.

现在在中国的很多大学，教学楼里都装有可以灌热水或是凉水的公共饮水机。学生们不用买瓶装水，也不带家里装好的水去上课，而是只要带着自己的空杯子，就可以在教学楼里接到免费的水，喝完了就再去饮水机接。越来越多的同学都自己买杯子接水，不再用去商店买瓶装水。喜欢喝茶的同学还常常会在杯子里装上茶叶，再到教学楼里泡茶。这样真是既方便了同学，又保护了环境。

1. (     ) More and more students bring their cups to school these days to get free water from the drinking fountains.
2. (     ) The drinking fountains provide both hot and cold water.
3. (     ) The fountain water at school is not cheaper than bottled water.
4. (     ) Water fountains are now set up in most schools in China.

**Section IV Writing** (20%)

Discuss how pollution affects our environment. What have you seen people doing or what have you been doing to protect the environment?

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